

The Gazette



of



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No. 43] NEW DELHI, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 6, 1958/AGRAHAYANA 15, 1880

NOTICE

The undermentioned Gazettes of India Extraordinary were published upto the 28th November, 1958:—

Issue No.	No. and date	Issued by	Subject
167	G.S.R. 1115, dated November, 1958.	25th Ministry of Finance	Exemption of Manganese Ore from whole of duty of Customs under Act and conditions mentioned therein.
168	G.S.R. 1126, dated November, 1958.	24th Ministry of Food & Agriculture.	Direction that powers shall be exercisable also by the Deputy Director (Food), Government of India, Ministry of Food and Agriculture, (Department of Food), Bilaspur in relation to stocks of rice held in the State of Madhya Pradesh.
	G.S.R. 1127, dated November, 1958.	25th Do.	Direction that powers shall be exercisable also by the Collectors of Districts in the State of Rajasthan in relation to stocks of Maize, Bajra, Jowar, Moth Gowar and any admixture of these foodgrains.
168-A	G.S.R. 1127-A, dated November, 1958.	25th Ministry of Finance	Rescinding the notification of the Government of India, Ministry of Finance (Department of Revenue) No. 243-Customs dated 28th September 1958.
	G.S.R. 1127-B dated November 1958.	25th Do.	Fixing the rate of duty of customs leviable on tea.
169	G.S.R. 1128, dated November, 1958.	27th Ministry of External Affairs.	The State of Pondicherry (Representation of the People) Amendment Order 1958.
170	G.S.R. 1129, dated November, 1958.	28th Ministry of Food & Agriculture.	Amendment in the Delhi Roller Flour Mills (Atta Price Control) Order 1958.

Copies of the Gazettes Extraordinary mentioned above will be supplied on indent to the Manager of Publications, Civil Lines, Delhi. Indents should be submitted so as to reach the Manager within ten days of the date of issue of these Gazettes.

PART II—Section 3—Sub-section (i)

General Statutory Rules (including orders, bye-laws etc. of a general character) issued by the Ministries of the Government of India (other than the Ministry of Defence) and by Central Authorities (other than the Administrations of Union Territories).

MINISTRY OF LAW

New Delhi, the 29th November 1958

G.S.R. 1132.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (a) of rule 8B of Order XXVII of the First Schedule to the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 (5 of 1908), the Central Government hereby makes the following further amendment in the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Law No. S.R.O. 3920, dated the 5th December, 1957, namely:—

In the Schedule to the said notification, under item 10, relating to Punjab, in column 2 of part (b) for the entry 'Shri Inder Dev Dua, Central Government Counsel' the entry 'Shri Jindra Lal, Central Government Counsel' shall be substituted.

[No. F.49(2)/56-J.]

B. N. LOKUR, Jt. Secy.

MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS

ORDER

New Delhi, the 25th November 1958

G.S.R. 1133.—In pursuance of Clause (22) of Article 366 of the Constitution of India, the President is hereby pleased to recognise Thakore Shri Raysinhji, as the Ruler of Khadal with effect from the 25th August 1958 in succession to the late Thakore Shri Jasvantsinhji.

[No. F.3/33/58-Poll.III.]

V. VISWANATHAN, Secy.

ORDER

New Delhi, the 27th November 1958

G.S.R. 1134.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-sections (2), (3) and (4) of section 114 of the States Reorganisation Act, 1956 (37 of 1956) and of all other powers enabling it in this behalf, the Central Government hereby makes, with effect from the 30th October, 1956, the following further amendment to the All India Services (Reorganisation of Cadres) Order, 1956, published as S.R.O. 2511 in Part II Section 3 of the Gazette of India (Extraordinary), dated the 30th October, 1956 namely:—

In the Second Schedule annexed to the said Order under the Heading 5-Mysore and sub-heading—B Indian Police Service, after item 37, the following item shall be added, namely:—

"38 Shri Syed Zuhiruddin, Mysore State."

[No. 25/4/58-AIS(II).]

CORRIGENDUM

New Delhi, the 29th November 1958

G.S.R. 1135.—In this Ministry's notification No. G.S.R. 1097, dated the 13th November, 1958 published in the Gazette of India Part II, Section 3, sub-section (i), dated the 22nd November, 1958, the figure "2250" shall be substituted for the

figure "2500" against each of the two entries (i) Revenue Divisional Commissioner(s) and (ii) Additional Development Commissioner.

[No. 5/50/58-AIS(II).]

S. NARAYANSWAMY, Dy. Secy.

MINISTRY OF FINANCE

(Department of Economic Affairs)

New Delhi, the 19th November 1958

G.S.R. 1136.—In pursuance of rule 3 of the Foreign Exchange Regulation Rules, 1952, the Reserve Bank hereby makes the following amendments in its notification No. F.E.R.A. 112/52-R. B. dated the 16th May, 1952, namely:—

In the said notification—

1. In item 7, under the column headed "Purpose" (column 2), the words "in cases where payments are to be received through authorised dealers" shall be added at the end;
2. After item 7, the following item shall be inserted, namely:—
"8. Form V. P/C.O.D.—To be used for declaring export by post parcel to all countries other than those specified in the Schedule annexed to the notification of the Government of India in the late Finance Department No. 12(18)-FI/47 dated the 4th August, 1947, in cases where payments are to be received otherwise than through authorised dealers."

[No. F. 21(6)-CIE/58.]

T. V. BALAKRISHNAN, Under Secy.

(Department of Economic Affairs)

New Delhi, the 24th November 1958.

G.S.R. 1137.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (4) of section 29 of the Banking Companies Act, 1949 (10 of 1949), the Central Government hereby makes, with effect from the 1st day of December, 1958, the following amendments to Form A (Form of Balance Sheet) and Form B (Form of Profit and Loss Account) set out in the Third Schedule to the said Act, a notification giving not less than three months' notice of the intention of the Central Government to make the said amendments having been already published in the Official Gazette as required by the said sub-section, namely:—

Amendments

1. In Form A, Form of Balance Sheet—
 - (a) for the words (in abbreviation) "Rs. A. P.", wherever they occur, the words (in abbreviation) "Rs. nP" shall be substituted; and
 - (b) after the Notes set out therein, the following shall be inserted, namely:—

"General instructions: The corresponding figures (to the nearest rupee, if so desired) for the year, immediately preceding the year to which the balance-sheet relates should be shown in separate columns."
2. In Form B, Form of Profit and Loss Account—
 - (a) for the words (in abbreviation) "Rs. A. P.", wherever they occur, the words (in abbreviation) "Rs. nP" shall be substituted; and

(b) after the footnote, the following shall be inserted, namely:—

"General instructions: The corresponding figures (to the nearest rupee, if so desired) for the year immediately preceding the year to which the profit and loss account relates should be shown in separate columns."

[No. 4(96)-F. I./57.]

R. K. SESHADRI, Dy. Secy.

(Department of Revenue)

CENTRAL EXCISES

New Delhi, the 6th December 1958

G.S.R. 1138.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 37 of the Central Excises and Salt Act, 1944 (1 of 1944), as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry, the Central Government hereby makes the following further amendment in the Central Excise Rules, 1944, namely:—

In the said Rules, in sub-rule (3) of rule 27, after the words "thirtieth day of June", the following words shall be inserted, namely:—

"or such other date as may be specified by the Central Board of Revenue but not later than the thirty-first day of December,".

[No. 123/58.]

S. K. BHATTACHARJEE, Dy. Secy.

(Department of Revenue)

CUSTOMS AND CENTRAL EXCISE

New Delhi, the 6th December 1958

G.S.R. 1139.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (3) of section 43B of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (8 of 1878) and section 37 of the Central Excises and Salt Act, 1944 (1 of 1944), as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry, the Central Government hereby makes the following rules, the same having been previously published as required under the said sub-section (3) of the said section 43B, namely:—

THE CUSTOMS AND CENTRAL EXCISE DUTIES REFUND (FIXED RATES) RULES, 1958

1. Short title.—These rules may be called the Customs and Central Excise Duties Refund (Fixed Rates) Rules, 1958.

2. Definitions.—In these rules, unless the context otherwise requires,—

- (a) "excisable materials" means materials produced or manufactured in India or the State of Pondicherry, on which central excise duty has been paid;
- (b) "export" includes shipment of the goods as provisions or stores for use on board a ship proceeding to a foreign port;
- (c) "goods" means articles specified in the second column of the First Schedule which are manufactured in India or the State of Pondicherry, and in the manufacture of which imported or excisable materials or both have been used;
- (d) "imported materials" means materials imported into India or the State of Pondicherry, on payment of customs duty;
- (e) "manufacturer" means a manufacturer of the goods;
- (f) "refund" includes drawback of customs duty paid on imported materials and rebate of central excise duty paid on excisable materials;
- (g) "Schedule" means a Schedule appended to these rules.

3. Goods in respect of which refund may be paid.—Subject to the provisions of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (8 of 1878) and of the Central Excises and Salt Act, 1944 (1 of 1944) and of these rules, and subject also to such provisions of the Central Excise Rules, 1944, as may be applicable in this behalf, a refund at the rate or rates referred to in rule 4, shall be allowed of the customs duty paid on the imported materials, and the central excise duty paid on the excisable materials, used in the manufacture of the goods exported from India or the State of Pondicherry.

4. Rate of refund.—(1) Refund admissible under these rules in respect of any goods specified in the second column of the First Schedule shall be at the rate or rates specified against such goods in the corresponding entry in the third column of the said Schedule.

(2) The Central Government may revise the rate or rates of refund so specified at such intervals as it thinks fit, and for this purpose, may require any manufacturer of any variety or brand of the goods to furnish information in such form as it may prescribe and in particular, in respect of the materials used in the manufacture of such brand or variety and the customs or the central excise duty, if any, paid thereon.

5. Exporter's declarations and documents.—At the time of the export of the goods, the exporter shall—

- (a) make a declaration on the relative shipping bill that a claim for refund under these rules is being made;
- (b) state on the shipping bill, the description, quantity and such other particulars as are necessary for deciding whether the goods are entitled to drawback, and if so, at what rate or rates;
- (c) furnish the Customs Collector with a copy of the shipment invoice or any other document giving particulars of the description, quantity and value of the goods to be exported.

6. Certain conditions for allowing refund.—Without prejudice to the provisions regarding drawback or refund contained in the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (8 of 1878), in the Central Excises and Salt Act, 1944 (1 of 1944), in the Central Excise Rules, 1944, and in these rules, no refund shall be allowed under these rules unless—

- (i) the goods are included in the export manifest, and
- (ii) payment of refund is demanded within six months from the date of entry for shipment.

7. Powers of Customs Collector.—For the purpose of rule 4 of these rules, the Customs Collector may require the manufacturer to produce any books of account or other documents relating to the proportion and quantity of the imported materials used in the manufacture of the goods and the duty paid thereon.

8. Access to manufactory.—Whenever the Chief Customs Officer or the Chief Customs Authority considers it necessary, the manufacturer shall give access at all reasonable times to any officer of the Central Government specially authorised in this behalf by such officer or such authority, to every part of the premises in which the goods are manufactured, so as to enable the officer so authorised to verify by inspection of the processes of, and the materials used for, the manufacture of such goods, or otherwise, the entitlement of the goods for drawback, or for a particular rate of drawback, under these rules.

9. Repeal of rules.—The rules specified in the Second Schedule are hereby repealed except as respects things done or omitted to be done thereunder.

THE FIRST SCHEDULE

Serial No.	Description of the goods	Rate of refund
1	2	3
1.	Fabrics and hosiery manufactured from artificial silk yarn of all varieties other than staple fibre yarn, wholly or in admixture with other yarn, and ready-made garments made from such fabrics, —	
	(i) if made from artificial silk yarn of below 75 deniers.	Two rupees per pound of artificial silk yarn.
	(ii) if made from artificial silk yarn of 75 deniers and about but not above 100 deniers.	One rupee and twenty-eight naye paise per pound of artificial silk yarn.
	(iii) if made from artificial silk yarn of above 100 deniers but not above 135 deniers.	Seventy-seven naye paise per pound of artificial silk yarn.
	(iv) if made from artificial silk yarn of above 135 deniers but not above 175 deniers.	Fifty-two naye paise per pound of artificial silk yarn.
	(v) if made from artificial silk yarn of above 175 deniers.	One rupee and twelve naye paise per pound of artificial silk yarn
		Provided that in the case of goods manufactured from yarns of different deniers to which different rates of refund are applicable, the refund in respect of the whole of such goods shall be allowed at the lowest of such rates.
2.	Crown corks—	
	(i) with composition cork-discs	Six rupees and forty naye paise per one hundred gross.
	(ii) with natural cork discs	Twenty-one rupees and thirty-five naye paise per one hundred gross.
3.	Hydraulic brake fluid conforming to Indian Standard Specifications I.S. 317 (1951)	One rupee and fifty naye paise per Imperial gallon.
4.	(i) Ground coffee	Twenty-three naye paise per pound.
	(ii) French coffee, that is to say coffee prepared by admixture of ground coffee and imported chicory.	Twenty-three naye paise per pound of coffee content and twenty naye paise per pound of chicory content
5.	Mixed total fatty acids obtained from coconut oil.	One hundred and forty-one rupees per ton.
6.	Confectionery of the following varieties, other than confectionery manufactured for export in accordance with the procedure laid down in rule 191 of the Central Excise Rules, 1944—	
	(i) Boiled sweets, unwrapped	Eleven rupees and fifteen naye-paise per one hundred pounds.
	(ii) Boiled sweets, wrapped	Fifteen rupees per one hundred pounds.
	(iii) Boiled sweets, soft centred	Thirteen rupees and thirty naye paise per one hundred pounds.
	(iv) Toffees	Eighteen rupees per one hundred pounds.
7.	Extract of pyrethrum flowers in kerosene.	Eight rupees per Imperial gallon of a 2 per cent extract of pyrethrum flowers in kerosene.

THE SECOND SCHEDULE

- The Customs and Excise Duties Drawback (Art Silk) Rules, 1957.
- The Customs and Excise Duties Drawback (Hydraulic Brake Fluid) Rules, 1958.
- The Customs and Excise Duties Drawback (Crown Corks) Rules, 1958.
- The Customs and Central Excise Duties Drawback (Coffee) Rules, 1958.
- The Customs and Central Excise Duties Refund (Fatty Acids) Rules, 1958.
- The Customs and Central Excise Duties Drawback (Confectionery) Rules, 1958.
- The Customs and Central Excise Duties Drawback (Pyrethrum extract) Rules, 1958.

[No. 67 (F. No. 34/44/58.Cus.-IV)]

G.S.R. 1140.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (3) of section 43B of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (8 of 1878) and section 37 of the Central Excises and Salt Act, 1944 (1 of 1944), as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry, the Central Government hereby makes the following rules, the same having been previously published as required under the said sub-section (3) of the said section 43B, namely:—

THE CUSTOMS AND CENTRAL EXCISE DUTIES REFUND (BRAND RATES) RULES, 1958

1. **Short title.**—These rules may be called the Customs and Central Excise Duties Refund (Brand Rates) Rules, 1958.

2. **Definitions.**—In these rules, unless the context otherwise requires:—

- (a) “excisable materials” means materials produced or manufactured in India or the State of Pondicherry, on which central excise duty has been paid;
- (b) “export” includes shipment of the goods as provisions or stores for use on board a ship proceeding to a foreign port;
- (c) “goods” means articles specified in the second column of the First Schedule which are manufactured in India or the State of Pondicherry, and in the manufacture of which imported or excisable materials or both have been used;
- (d) “imported materials” means materials imported into India or the State of Pondicherry, on payment of customs duty;
- (e) “manufacturer” means a manufacturer of the goods;
- (f) “refund” includes drawback of customs duty paid on imported materials and rebate of Central excise duty paid on excisable materials;
- (g) “Schedule” means a Schedule appended to these rules.

3. **Goods in respect of which refund may be paid.**—Subject to the provisions of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (8 of 1878) and of the Central Excises and Salt Act, 1944 (1 of 1944) and of these rules and subject also to such provisions of the Central Excise Rules, 1944, as may be applicable in this behalf, a refund at the rate or rates determined in accordance with rule 4, shall be allowed of the customs duty paid on the imported materials, and the central excise duty paid on the excisable materials, used in the manufacture of the goods exported from India or the State of Pondicherry.

4. **Rate of refund.**—(1) Refund admissible under these rules in respect of each variety or brand of the goods specified in the First Schedule shall be the total of the average customs duty paid on the imported materials, and, the average central excise duty paid on the excisable materials, used in the manufacture of the goods.

(2) Such averages shall be determined, on application by the manufacturer, by the Central Government on the basis of information furnished by the manufacturer in respect of the materials used in the manufacture of the goods and

the customs or the central excise duty, if any, paid on such materials, during such period as in the opinion of the Central Government is relevant for the purpose.

(3) Such information shall be furnished by the manufacturer in such form as the Central Government may prescribe in any particular case, and shall be subject to such verification as the Central Government may deem necessary in any particular case.

(4) The Central Government may revise the refund so determined for any variety or brand of the goods, at such intervals as it thinks fit, and for this purpose, may require any manufacturer to furnish information in such form as it may prescribe, and in particular, in respect of the materials used in the manufacture of such brand or variety and the customs or excise duty, if any, paid thereon. If such information is not furnished and facilities or its verification are not provided, by the manufacturer within such period as may be specified by the Central Government, the Central Government may deny refund in respect of shipments made, of such variety or brand of the goods after the expiry of the said period.

5. **Exporter's declarations and documents.**—At the time of the export of the goods, the exporter shall,—

- (a) make a declaration on the relative shipping bill that a claim for refund under these rules is being made;
- (b) state on the shipping bill, the description, quantity and such other particulars as are necessary for deciding whether the goods are entitled to drawback, and if so, at what rate or rates; and
- (c) furnish the Customs Collector with a copy of the shipment invoice or any other document giving particulars of the description, quantity and value of the goods to be exported.

6. **Certain conditions for allowing refund.**—Without prejudice to the provisions regarding drawback or refund contained in the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (8 of 1878), in the Central Excises and Salt Act, 1944 (1 of 1944), in the Central Excise Rules, 1944, and in these rules no refund shall be allowed under these rules unless—

- (i) the goods are included in the export manifest, and
- (ii) payment of refund is demanded within six months from the date of entry for shipment.

7. **Powers of Customs Collector.**—For the purpose of rule 4 of these rules, the Customs Collector may require the manufacturer to produce any books of account or other documents relating to the proportion and quantity of the imported materials used in the manufacture of the goods and the duty paid thereon.

8. **Access to manufactory.**—Whenever the Chief Customs Officer or the Chief Customs Authority considers it necessary, the manufacturer shall give access at all reasonable times to any officer of the Central Government specially authorised in this behalf by such officer or such authority, to every part of the premises in which the goods are manufactured, so as to enable the officer so authorized to verify by inspection of the processes of, and the materials used for, the manufacture of such goods, or otherwise, the entitlement of the goods for drawback, or for a particular rate of drawback, under these rules.

9. **Repeal of rules.**—The rules specified in the Second Schedule are hereby repealed except as respects things done or omitted to be done thereunder.

THE FIRST SCHEDULE

Description of the goods

1. Motor vehicles including motorcars, trucks, taxi cabs, motor omnibuses, lorries, jeeps, land rovers station wagons, motor cycles and scooters including three wheelers.
2. Bicycles.
3. Leather cloth.
4. Trailers of the vehicular type.
5. Kits for, and components of, bus bodies.
6. Footwear.
7. Pigments, colours, paints, enamels, varnishes, lacquers and paint ancillaries.
8. Sparking plugs.
9. Pharmaceutical products (other than cough syrups).
10. Turbine or centrifugal pumps, whether or not fitted with a motor or gear drive attached.
11. Disinfectants and antiseptic preparations.

THE SECOND SCHEDULE

The Customs Duties Drawback (Pumps) Rules, 1957.

The Customs Duties Drawback (P.A.S. Tablets) Rules, 1958.

The Customs Duties Drawback (Disinfectants and Antiseptics) Rules, 1958.

The Customs and Excise Duties Drawback (Trailers) Rules, 1958.

The Customs and Excise Duties Drawback (Bus Body) Rules, 1958.

The Customs and Central Excise Duties Drawback (Motor Vehicles) Rules, 1958.

The Customs and Central Excise Duties Drawback (Leather Cloth) Rules, 1958.

The Customs and Central Excise Duties Drawback (Footwear) Rules, 1958.

The Customs and Central Excise Duties Drawback (Paints) Rules, 1958.

The Customs and Central Excise Duties Drawback (Sparking Plugs) Rules, 1958.

The Customs and Central Excise Duties Drawback (Bicycles) Rules, 1958.

The Customs and Central Excise Duties Drawback (Piperazine Syrup) Rules, 1958.

[No. 68 (F. No. 34/44/58-Cus. IV.)]

CUSTOMS

G.S.R. 1141.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (3) of section 43B of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (8 of 1878), as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry, the Central Government hereby makes the following rules, the same having been previously published as required under the said sub-section (3), namely:—

THE CUSTOMS DUTIES DRAWBACK (FIXED RATES) RULES, 1958.

1. **Short title.**—These rules may be called the Customs Duties Drawback (Fixed Rates) Rules, 1958.

2. **Definitions.**—In these rules, unless the context otherwise requires,—

- (a) "expert" includes shipment of goods as provisions or stores for use on board a ship proceeding to a foreign port;
- (b) "goods" means articles specified in the second column of the First Schedule which are manufactured in India or the State of Pondicherry, and in the manufacture of which imported materials have been used;

- (c) "imported materials" means materials imported into India or the State of Pondicherry on payment of customs duty;
- (d) "manufacturer" means a manufacturer of the goods;
- (e) "Schedule" means a Schedule appended to these rules.

3. Goods in respect of which drawback may be paid. Subject to the provisions of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (8 of 1878), and of these rules, a drawback at the rate or rates referred to in rule 4, shall be allowed of the customs duty paid on the imported materials used in the manufacture of the goods exported from India or the State of Pondicherry.

4. Rate of drawback.—(1) Drawback admissible under these rules in respect of any goods specified in the second column of the First Schedule shall be at the rate or rates specified against such goods in the corresponding entry in the third column of the said Schedule.

(2) The Central Government may revise the rate or rates of drawback so specified at such intervals as it thinks fit, and for this purpose may require any manufacturer of any variety or brand of the goods to furnish information in such form as it may prescribe, and in particular, in respect of the materials used in the manufacture of such brand or variety and the customs duty, if any, paid thereon.

5. Exporter's declarations and documents.—At the time of the export of the goods the exporter shall—

- (a) make a declaration on the relative shipping bill that a claim for drawback under these rules is being made;
- (b) state on the shipping bill, the description, quantity and such other particulars as are necessary for deciding whether the goods are entitled to drawback, and if so, at what rate or rates; and
- (c) furnish the Customs Collector with a copy of the shipment invoice or any other document giving particulars of the description, quantity and value of the goods to be exported.

6. Certain conditions for allowing drawback.—Without prejudice to the provisions regarding drawback contained in the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (8 of 1878) and in these rules no drawback shall be allowed under these rules unless—

- (i) the goods are included in the export manifest, and
- (ii) payment of drawback is demanded within six months from the date of entry for shipment, duly supported by evidence of compliance with the provisions of these rules.

7. Powers of Customs Collector.—For the purpose of rule 4 of these rules, the Customs Collector may require the manufacturer to produce any books of account or other documents relating to the proportion and quantity of the imported materials used in the manufacture of the goods and the duty paid thereon.

8. Access to manufactory.—Whenever the Chief Customs Officer or the Chief Customs Authority considers it necessary, the manufacturer shall give access at all reasonable times to any officer of the Central Government specially authorised in this behalf by such officer or such authority, to every part of the premises in which the goods are manufactured, so as to enable the officer so authorised to verify by inspection of the process of and the materials used for, the manufacture of such goods, or otherwise, the entitlement of the goods for drawback, or for a particular rate of drawback, under these rules.

9. Repeal of rules.—The rules specified in the Second Schedule are hereby repealed except as respects things done or omitted to be done thereunder.

THE FIRST SCHEDULE

Serial No.	Description of the goods	Rate of drawback
1	2	3
1	Plastic goods other than spectacle frames, leather cloth and polyvinyl chloride cables, that is to say—	
(1)	Polystyrene moulding powder	Twenty-six naye paise per pound
(2)	Articles or component parts of any articles which are made wholly of any one, and not more than one, of the following materials	
(i)	polystyrene moulding powder	Twenty-six naye paise per pound
(ii)	cellulose acetate moulding powder or cellulose acetate sheets	Seventy naye paise per pound
(iii)	cellulose acetate butyrate moulding powder	Seventy naye paise per pound
(iv)	urea formaldehyde moulding powder	Forty-two naye paise per pound
(v)	polyethylene moulding powder	Ninety-six naye paise per pound
(vi)	Cellulose nitrate sheets, films, rods or tubes	Eighty-five naye paise per pound
(vii)	polymethyl methacrylate sheets, films, rods or tubes	One rupee and twenty-one naye paise per pound.
(viii)	polyvinyl chloride sheeting or polyvinyl chloride composition or moulding powder, or polyvinyl chloride resin and plasticiser	Twenty-five naye paise per pound
2	Galvanised iron wire gauze, mesh, netting and chain link fencing, if made of galvanised iron wire falling under item 63(25) of the First Schedule to the Indian Tariff Act, 1934 (32 of 1934)—	
(a)	finer than 16 S.W.G. but not finer than 22 S.W.G.	Rupees two hundred and eighty-two per ton
(b)	finer than 22 S.W.G. but not finer than 27 S.W.G.	Rupees three hundred and forty-three per ton
(c)	finer than 27 S.W.G.	Rupees three hundred and seventy-eight per ton.
	Provided that in the case of goods manufactured from wire of different gauges, drawback shall be allowed at the rate applicable to wire of the thicker or the thickest variety, as the case may be used in the goods.	
3	Potassium citrate monohydrate	Thirty-one rupees and sixty naye paise per one hundred pounds
4	Glass or glassware	Twenty-one rupees and twenty-five naye paise per ton.
5	Saccharin, insoluble	One rupee and ninety-five naye paise per pound

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6 Jute manufactures—

- (i) hessian One rupee and sixty naye paise per ton
(ii) sacking Two rupees and forty naye paise per ton.

Provided that no drawback shall be admissible on fractions of a ton of hessian or sacking forming part of a shipment.

7 Dichromates—

- (1) Sodium dichromate dihydrate . Three rupees per hundred weight
(2) Anhydrous sodium dichromate . Three rupees and forty-five naye paise per hundredweight
(3) Potassium dichromate . . . Three rupees and ten naye paise per hundred-weight
(4) Ammonium dichromate . . . Three rupees and sixty naye paise per hundredweight

- 8 Chromic acid Four rupees and fifty-five naye paise per hundredweight

9 Carbon papers—

- (1) Carbon papers in the manufacture of which imported tissue-paper has been used—

- (i) Typewriter carbon paper . . . Sixty-five naye paise per one hundred foolscap sheets

- (ii) Pencil carbon paper or pen carbon paper Sixty-two naye paise per one hundred foolscap sheets

- (2) Carbon papers in the manufacture of which indigenous tissue-paper has been used—

- (i) Typewriter carbon paper . . . Eleven naye paise per one hundred foolscap sheets

- (ii) Pencil carbon paper or pen carbon paper Five naye paise per one hundred foolscap sheets

- 10 Cough Syrups Per one hundred grams of the following ingredients contained in the cough syrup—
Balsam Tolu Eighty-three naye paise

Menthol One rupee and forty-five naye paise.

Potassium anti-mony tartarate Thirty-nine naye paise

Potassium sulphoguaicolate Fifty-seven naye paise

Terpene hydrate Twenty-six naye paise

- 11 Ivory products Six rupees and sixty naye paise per pound

12 Roofing felt—

- (i) 3-Ply Rupees one hundred and eighty one per ton

- (ii) 2-Ply Rupees one hundred and eighty-five per ton

- (iii) underlay Rupees two hundred and ninety-four per ton

1	2	3
13	Plywood—	
(i)	3-ply	One rupee and forty-two naye paise per one hundred square feet.
(ii)	5-ply	Two rupees and eighty-four naye paise per one hundred square feet.
(iii)	7-ply	Four rupees and thirty-six naye paise per one hundred square feet.
(iv)	9-ply	Five rupees and seventy-eight naye paise per one hundred square feet.
(v)	11-ply	Seven rupees and twenty naye paise per one hundred square feet.
14	Tennis or badminton rackets—	
(1)	Tennis rackets, standard size	Six rupees and thirty naye paise per dozen.
(2)	Tennis rackets, sub-standard size	Two rupees and ten naye paise per dozen.
(3)	Badminton rackets	Two rupees and ten naye paise per dozen.
15	Paper products—	
(1)	Envelopes made of—	
(a)	imported manila and sulphite envelope paper	Twenty-seven naye paise per pound of paper.
(b)	imported writing paper or printing paper other than newsprint	Thirty-six naye paise per pound of paper.
(2)	Writing pads made of imported writing paper or imported printing paper other than newsprint	Thirty-six naye paise per pound of paper.
(3)	Exercise books made of imported writing paper or imported printing paper other than newsprint	Thirty-six naye paise per pound of paper.
16	Fishing rods in the manufacture of which—	
(a)	imported bamboo poles not less than seven feet and not more than eleven feet in length have been used	Three rupees per one hundred pieces.
(b)	imported bamboo poles more than eleven feet but not more than twenty-three feet in length have been used	Four rupees and seventy naye paise per one hundred pieces.
(c)	imported bamboo poles not less than twenty-six feet and not more than thirty-two feet in length have been used	Nine rupees and fifty naye paise per one hundred pieces.
17	R.S. Pilferproof closures, with—	
(A)	Cork wadding—	
(a)	with vinylite facing—	
(i)	22 millimeter size	Four rupees and fifteen naye paise per one thousand units.
(ii)	25 millimeter size	Five rupees and thirty naye paise per one thousand units.
(iii)	31.5 millimeter size	Seven rupees and fifty naye paise per one thousand units.
(iv)	38 millimeter size	Ten rupees per one thousand units.
(v)	46 millimeter size	Thirteen rupees and eighty naye paise per one thousand units.
(vi)	53 millimeter size	Eighteen rupees and sixty-five naye paise per one thousand units.

1

2

3

(b) with ceresin facing—

- (i) 22 millimeter size . . . Three rupees and ninety-five naye paise per one thousand units.
- (ii) 25 millimeter size . . . Four rupees and ninety-five naye paise per one thousand units.
- (iii) 38 millimeter size . . . Nine rupees and sixty-five naye paise per one thousand units.
- (iv) 53 millimeter size . . . Seventeen rupees and ten naye paise per one thousand units.

(c) with polyethylene facing—

- 22 millimeter size . . . Three rupees and ninety naye paise per one thousand units.

(d) with tinfoil facing—

- (i) 25 millimeter size . . . Six rupees and eighty-five naye paise per one thousand units.
- (ii) 28 millimeter size . . . Eight rupees and fifty-five naye paise per one thousand units.
- (iii) 31.5 millimeter size . . . Ten rupees and twenty-five naye paise per one thousand units.
- (iv) 38 millimeter size . . . Thirteen rupees and fifty naye paise per one thousand units.

(e) with blackol facing—

- (i) 25 millimeter size . . . Five rupees and twenty-five naye paise per one thousand units.
- (ii) 31.5 millimeter size . . . Seven rupees and thirty naye paise per one thousand units.
- (iii) 38 millimeter size . . . Nine rupees and ninety naye paise per one thousand units.

(f) unfaced—

- (i) 25 millimeter size . . . Four rupees and fifty naye paise per one thousand units.
- (ii) 46 millimeter size . . . Eleven rupees and thirty naye paise per one thousand units.

(B) Pulp Board—

(a) with vinylite facing of 38 millimeter size

- Eight rupees and forty-five naye paise per one thousand units.

(b) with crystal cap facing—

- (i) 38 millimeter size . . . Eight rupees and forty naye paise per one thousand units.
- (ii) 46 millimeter size . . . Eleven rupees and fifty naye paise per one thousand units.
- (iii) 53 millimeter size . . . Fifteen rupees and five naye paise per one thousand units.

18 Spectacle frames—

Component parts of spectacle frames exported as such or as parts of complete spectacle frames—

- (1) Parts made of cellulose nitrate sheets. Eighty-five naye paise per pound.
- (2) Side wires . . . Sixty-eight naye paise per gross pieces.

1	2	3
	(3) Metal joints or hinges—	
	4 millimeter size	One rupee and fifty naye paise per gross pieces
	6 millimeter size	One rupee and seventy-five naye paise per gross pieces
19	Playing cards made of—	
	(1) artboard, brush-coated on two sides	Sixty-seven naye paise per pound
	(2) card-board, laminated and black-centred	Seventy-five naye paise per pound
20	Handicrafts and other articles made of alabaster	Rupees one hundred and twenty-five per ton.

THE SECOND SCHEDULE

The Customs Duties Drawback (Potassium Citrate) Rules, 1957.
 The Customs Duties Drawback (Glass and Glassware) Rules, 1957.
 The Customs Duties Drawback (Saccharin) Rules, 1957.
 The Customs Duties Drawback (Jute Manufactures) Rules, 1957.
 The Customs Duties Drawback (Dichromates) Rules, 1957.
 The Customs Duties Drawback (Carbon Paper) Rules, 1957.
 The Customs Duties Drawback (Cough Syrup) Rules, 1957.
 The Customs Duties Drawback (Galvanised Iron Wire Products) Rules, 1957.
 The Customs Duties Drawback (Ivory Products) Rules, 1957.
 The Customs Duties Drawback (Roofing Felt) Rules, 1957.
 The Customs Duties Drawback (Plywood) Rules, 1957.
 The Customs Duties Drawback (Badminton and Tennis Rackets) Rules, 1957.
 The Customs Duties Drawback (Paper Products) Rules, 1957.
 The Customs Duties Drawback (Fishing Rods) Rules, 1957.
 The Customs Duties Drawback (Spectacle Frames) Rules, 1958.
 The Customs Duties Drawback (R. S. Pilferproof Closures) Rules, 1958.
 The Customs Duties Drawback (Playing Cards) Rules, 1958.
 The Customs Duties Drawback (Plastic Goods) Rules, 1958.
 The Customs Duties Drawback (Alabaster Articles) Rules, 1958.

[No. 293 (F. No. 34/44/58 Cus.IV.)]

G.S.R. 1142.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (3) of section 43B of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (8 of 1878), as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry, the Central Government hereby makes the following rules, the same having been previously published as required under the said sub-section (3), namely:—

THE CUSTOMS DUTIES DRAWBACK (BRAND RATES) RULES, 1958

1. Short title.—These rules may be called the Customs Duties Drawback (Brand Rates) Rules, 1958.

2. Definitions.—In these rules, unless the context otherwise requires,—

- "export" includes shipment of goods as provisions or stores for use on board a ship proceeding to a foreign port;
- "goods" means articles specified in the second column of the First Schedule which are manufactured in India or the State of Pondicherry, and in the manufacture of which imported materials have been used;
- "imported materials" means materials imported into India or the State of Pondicherry on payment of customs duty;

(d) "manufacturer" means a manufacturer of the goods;

(e) "Schedule" means a Schedule appended to these rules.

3. Goods in respect of which drawback may be paid.—Subject to the provisions of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (8 of 1878) and of these rules, a drawback at the rate or rates determined in accordance with rule 4, shall be allowed of the customs duty paid on the imported materials used in the manufacture of the goods, exported from India or the State of Pondicherry.

4. Rate of drawback.—(1) Drawback admissible under these rules in respect of each variety or brand of the goods specified in the First Schedule shall be the average customs duty paid on the imported materials used in the manufacture of the goods.

(2) Such average shall be determined, on application by the manufacturer, by the Central Government on the basis of information furnished by the manufacturer in respect of the materials used in the manufacture of the goods and the customs duty, if any, paid thereon, during such period as in the opinion of the Central Government is relevant for the purpose.

(3) Such information shall be furnished by the manufacturer in such form as the Central Government may prescribe in any particular case, and shall be subject to such verification as the Central Government may deem necessary in any particular case.

(4) The Central Government may revise the drawback so determined for any variety or brand of the goods, at such intervals as it thinks fit, and for this purpose, may require any manufacturer to furnish information in such form as it may prescribe, and in particular, in respect of materials used in the manufacture of such brand or variety and the customs duty, if any paid thereon. If such information is not furnished, and facilities for its verification are not provided by the manufacturer within such period as may be specified by the Central Government, the Central Government may deny drawback in respect of shipments made, of such variety or brand of the goods, after the expiry of the said period.

5. Exporter's declarations and documents.—At the time of the export of the goods, the exporter shall—

- (a) make a declaration on the relative shipping bill that a claim for drawback under these rules is being made;
- (b) state on the shipping bill, the description, quantity and such other particulars as are necessary for deciding whether the goods are entitled to drawback, and if so at what rate or rates;
- (c) furnish the Customs Collector with a copy of the shipment invoice or any other document giving particulars of the description, quantity and value of the goods to be exported.

6. Certain conditions for allowing drawback.—Without prejudice to the provisions regarding drawback contained in the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (8 of 1878) and in these rules, no drawback shall be allowed under these rules unless—

- (i) the goods are included in the export manifest, and
- (ii) payment of drawback is demanded within six months from the date of entry for shipment, duly supported by evidence of compliance with the provisions of these rules.

7. Powers of Customs Collector.—For the purpose of rule 4 of these rules, the Customs Collector may require the manufacturer to produce any books of account or other documents relating to the proportion and quantity of the imported materials used in the manufacture of the goods and the duty paid thereon.

8. Access to manufactory.—Whenever the Chief Customs Officer or the Chief Customs Authority considers it necessary, the manufacturer shall give access at all reasonable times to any officer of the Central Government specially authorised in this behalf by such officer or such authority, to every part of the premises in which the goods are manufactured so as to enable the officer so authorized to verify by inspection of the processes of, and the materials used for, the manufacture of such goods, or otherwise, the entitlement of the goods for drawback or for a particular rate of drawback, under these rules.

9. Repeal of rules.—The rules specified in the Second Schedule are hereby repealed except as respects things done or omitted to be done thereunder.

THE FIRST SCHEDULE

Serial No.	Description of goods
1.	Copper dusting preparations, namely, fungicidal wettable dusting preparations of cuprous oxide which are free from cupric compounds and other pesticidal ingredients.
2.	Chokes for fluorescent lamps.
3.	Radio receivers.
4.	Tooth paste.
5.	Tissue paper.
6.	Sewing machines.
7.	Chrome leather washers.
8.	Diesel engines.
9.	Dyestuffs.
10.	Umbrella ribs.
11.	Card staves.

THE SECOND SCHEDULE

The Customs Duties Drawback (Radio Receivers) Rules, 1957.
The Customs Duties Drawback (Tooth Paste) Rules, 1957.
The Customs Duties Drawback (Tissue paper) Rules, 1958.
The Customs Duties Drawback (Sewing Machines) Rules, 1958.
The Customs Duties Drawback (Chokes for fluorescent Lamps) Rules, 1958.
The Customs Duties Drawback (Chrome Leather Washers) Rules, 1958.
The Customs Duties Drawback (Diesel Engines) Rules, 1958.
The Customs Duties Drawback (Dyestuffs) Rules, 1958.
The Customs Duties Drawback (Umbrella Ribs) Rules, 1958.
The Customs Duties Drawback (Copper Dusting Preparations) Rules, 1958.
The Customs Duties Drawback (Card Staves) Rules, 1958.

[No. 294 (F. No. 34/44/58-Cus.IV.)]

G.S.R. 1143.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 43B of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (8 of 1878), as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry, the Central Government hereby rescinds the notifications of the Government of India in the Ministry of Finance (Revenue Division) or in the Ministry of Finance (Department of Revenue), as the case may be, mentioned in the Schedule to this notification.

THE SCHEDULE

Notification No. 49—Customs, dated the 29th May, 1954.
Notification No. 116—Customs, dated the 2nd October, 1954.
Notification No. 54—Customs, dated the 2nd April, 1955.
Notification No. 58—Customs, dated the 9th April, 1955.
Notification No. 78—Customs, dated the 7th May, 1955.
Notification No. 94—Customs, dated the 4th June, 1955.
Notification No. 100—Customs, dated the 18th June, 1955.
Notification No. 168—Customs, dated the 22nd December, 1956.
Notification No. 35—Customs, dated the 9th March, 1957.
Notification No. 52—Customs, dated the 27th April, 1957.
Notification No. 151—Customs, dated the 8th July, 1957.
Notification No. 162—Customs, dated the 20th July, 1957.
Notification No. 164—Customs, dated the 20th July, 1957.
Notification No. 166—Customs, dated the 24th July, 1957.
Notification No. 177—Customs, dated the 8th August, 1957.
Notification No. 189—Customs, dated the 26th August, 1957.

- Notification No. 202—Customs, dated the 13th September, 1957.
 Notification No. 225—Customs, dated the 11th October, 1957.
 Notification No. 256—Customs, dated the 11th November, 1957.
 Notification No. 259—Customs, dated the 14th November, 1957.
 Notification No. 264—Customs, dated the 21st November, 1957.
 Notification No. 267—Customs, dated the 23rd November, 1957.
 Notification No. 275—Customs, dated the 26th November, 1957.
 Notification No. 277—Customs, dated the 27th November, 1957.
 Notification No. 300—Customs, dated the 14th December, 1957.
 Notification No. 303—Customs, dated the 16th December, 1957.
 Notification No. 312—Customs, dated the 19th December, 1957.
 Notification No. 324—Customs, dated the 30th December, 1957.
 Notification No. 26—Customs, dated the 29th January, 1958.
 Notification No. 32—Customs, dated the 7th February, 1958.
 Notification No. 34—Customs, dated the 7th February, 1958.
 Notification No. 36—Customs, dated the 7th February, 1958.
 Notification No. 38—Customs, dated the 7th February, 1958.
 Notification No. 40—Customs, dated the 7th February, 1958.
 Notification No. 43—Customs, dated the 7th February, 1958.
 Notification No. 78—Customs, dated the 8th March, 1958.
 Notification No. 80—Customs, dated the 4th March, 1958.
 Notification No. 81—Customs, dated the 4th March, 1958.
 Notification No. 82—Customs, dated the 4th March, 1958.
 Notification No. 87—Customs, dated the 12th March, 1958.
 Notification No. 91—Customs, dated the 22nd March, 1958.
 Notification No. 95—Customs, dated the 22nd March, 1958.
 Notification No. 111—Customs, dated the 11th April, 1958.
 Notification No. 116—Customs, dated the 14th April, 1958.
 Notification No. 120—Customs, dated the 16th April, 1958.
 Notification No. 154—Customs, dated the 6th May, 1958.
 Notification No. 155—Customs, dated the 7th May, 1958.
 Notification No. 157—Customs, dated the 7th May, 1958.
 Notification No. 173—Customs, dated the 19th May, 1958.
 Notification No. 181—Customs, dated the 31st May, 1958.
 Notification No. 183—Customs, dated the 31st May, 1958.
 Notification No. 188—Customs, dated the 7th June, 1958.
 Notification No. 203—Customs, dated the 7th July, 1958.
 Notification No. 205—Customs, dated the 7th July, 1958.
 Notification No. 206—Customs, dated the 7th July, 1958.
 Notification No. 207—Customs, dated the 7th July, 1958.
 Notification No. 214—Customs, dated the 12th July, 1958.
 Notification No. 231—Customs, dated the 23rd August, 1958.
 Notification No. 236—Customs, dated the 30th August, 1958.
 Notification No. 244—Customs, dated the 4th October, 1958.
 Notification No. 245—Customs, dated the 4th October, 1958.

Explanatory Note

The cancellation of certain notifications by the foregoing notification does not involve withdrawal of drawback authorised by such notifications. The same drawback is being authorised by Notification No. 296, dated the 6th December, 1958 being simultaneously published.

G.S.R. 1144.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 43B of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (8 of 1878), as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry, the Central Government hereby directs that a drawback shall be allowed in accordance with, and subject to, the provisions of the said section, and of any rules made thereunder, in respect of imported materials on which customs duties have been paid, and which are used in the manufacture of the goods mentioned in the corresponding entry in the second column of the Schedule to this Notification when such goods are manufactured in, and exported from, India or the State of Pondicherry, or shipped as stores for use on board a ship proceeding to a foreign port.

THE SCHEDULE

Description of the goods

1. Embroidered goods.
2. Artificial silk fabrics, hosiery and ready-made garments.
3. Dry batteries or cells or individual battery components or part assemblies.
4. Motor vehicles.
5. Linoleum.
6. Plastic goods.
7. Crown corks.
8. Cigarettes.
9. Electric fans.
10. Nitrous oxide.
11. Bicycles.
12. Galvanised iron wire gauze, mesh, netting and chain link fencing.
13. Radio receivers.
14. Hydraulic brake fluid.
15. Leather cloth.
16. Potassium citrate monohydrate.
17. Pipe or cigarette tobacco.
18. Dyestuffs.
19. Copper dusting preparations.
20. Glass or glassware.
21. Saccharin, insoluble.
22. Chokes for fluorescent lamps.
23. Jute manufactures, namely hessian and sacking.
24. Telecommunication equipment.
25. Sodium dichromate dihydrate, anhydrous sodium dichromate, potassium dichromate and ammonium dichromate.
26. Chromic acid.
27. Carbon papers.
28. Cough syrups.
29. Ivory products.
30. Roofing felts.
31. Plywood.
32. Tooth paste.
33. Tennis and badminton rackets.
34. Paper products.
35. Gold jewellery.
36. Fishing rods.
37. Turbine or centrifugal pumps.
38. R.S. Pilferproof closures.
39. Tissue paper.
40. Spectacle frames.

41. Sewing machines.
42. Playing cards.
43. Trailers of the vehicular type.
44. Kits for, and components of, bus bodies.
45. Silver jewellery or silverware.
46. Toilet products, that is to say, soap, shampoo and perfumed oil.
47. Chrome leather washers.
48. Diesel engines.
49. French Coffee.
50. Pharmaceutical preparations (other than cough syrups).
51. Umbrella ribs.
52. Disinfectants and antiseptic preparations.
53. Fatty acids obtained from coconut oil.
54. Finished cultured pearls produced by drilling, bleaching, polishing or otherwise processing raw cultured pearls.
55. Footwear.
56. Pigments, colours, paints, enamels, varnishes, lacquers and paint ancillaries.
57. Sparking plugs.
58. Confectionery.
59. Card staves.
60. Pyrethrum extract.
61. Handicrafts and other articles made of alabaster.

[No. 296 (F. No. 34/44/58-Cus.IV).]

M. A. RANGASWAMY, Dy. Secy

MINISTRY OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY

(Department of Company Law Administration)

COMPANY LAW.

New Delhi, the 24th November, 1958.

G.S.R. 1145.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the proviso to sub-section (1) of section 594 of the Companies Act, 1956 (1 of 1956), and in partial modification of the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Finance (Department of Company Law Administration) S.R.O. No. 3216, dated the 4th October, 1957, the Central Government hereby directs that the requirements of clause (a) of sub-section (1) of the said section shall apply to the Great Eastern Life Assurance Company Limited (hereinafter referred to as the company, being a foreign company, subject to the following exceptions and modifications, namely:—

- It shall be deemed sufficient compliance with the provisions of clause (a) of sub-section (1) of the said section 594—
- If, in respect of the financial years ending on or after the 31st day of December, 1957, the company submits to the appropriate Registrar of Companies in India, *in triplicate*.
 - (i) a copy of the authenticated balance sheet and profit and loss account (including documents relating to every subsidiary company) as submitted by it to the prescribed authority in the country of its incorporation under the provisions of the law in that country;
 - (ii) a statement of its assets and liabilities in India certified by two directors of the company and a person authorised to accept process in India under clause (d) of sub-section (1) of Section 592 of the Companies Act, 1956; and

- (iii) a summary of the receipts and payments in India signed by two directors of the Company and a person authorised to accept process in India under clause (d) of sub-section (1) of section 592 of the Companies Act, 1956.

[No. F. 15/10/58-PR.]

T. S. MENON, Under Secy.

MINISTRY OF FOOD AND AGRICULTURE

(Department of Food)

New Delhi, the 28th November 1958

G.S.R. 1146.—/Ess.Com/Sugarcane.—In pursuance of proviso (c) of the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Food and Agriculture No. G.S.R. 1027/Ess.Com/Sugarcane, dated the 25th October, 1958, the Central Government have determined that a rebate not exceeding one-fourth of a seer per maund (or 0.625 Kilogram per quintal) of sugarcane shall be admissible on account of the weight of binding material where sugarcane is brought bound in bundles and is weighed in bundles.

[No. 4-25/58-SV.]

S. D. UDHRAIN, Under Secy.

MINISTRY OF HEALTH

New Delhi-2, the 1st December 1958

G.S.R. 1147.—In pursuance of sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Indian Nursing Council Act, 1947 (48 of 1947) as amended by section 4 of the Indian Nursing Council (Amendment) Act, 1957 (45 of 1957), the Central Government hereby reconstitutes the Indian Nursing Council so as to consist of the following members, namely:—

Elected under clause (a) of sub-section (1) of section 3:—

1. Miss. A. K. Bullock, Superintendent of Nursing Services, Assam.
2. Mrs. A. Mukhopadhyaya, Registrar, Bihar Nurses Registration Council, Patna.
3. Shrimati A. Rugmini Amma, Superintendent, School of Nursing, Trivandrum.
4. Kumari S. Kunjummen, Nursing Superintendent, Government General Hospital, Madras.
5. Miss C. M. Allen, Nursing Sister, Christian Medical College Hospital, Ludhiana.
6. Kumari I. G. Shaw, Matron, Lala Rajpat Rai Hospital, Kanpur.
7. Mrs. Uma Mitra, Assistant Director of Health Services (Nursing), West Bengal.
8. Shrimati Lakshmi Saraswati Rao, Sister Tutor, Government Headquarters Hospital, Berhampur.

Elected under clause (b) of sub-section (1) of Section 3:—

1. Miss. E. Buchanan, Principal, College of Nursing, New Delhi.
2. Miss. F. Taylor, Dean, School of Nursing, Christian Medical College Hospital, Vellore.

Elected under clause (c) of sub-section (1) of section 3:—

Mrs. A. P. Chandy, Superintendent, Princess Niloufer Training School for Health Visitors, Hyderabad.

Elected under clause (d) of sub-section (1) of section 3:—

Dr. K. N. Misra, Mission Road, Cuttack-1.

Elected under clause (e) of sub-section (1) of section 3:—

Dr. Y. P. Vasudevan, 9/70, Ranganathapuram, Coimbatore.

Elected under clause (f) of sub-section (1) of section 3:—

Miss A. Cherian, College of Nursing, New Delhi.

Elected under clause (g) of sub-section (1) of section 3:—

1. Shrimati G. Chandramathy, Matron, Medical College Hospital, Trivandrum (Kerala).

2. Mrs. S. Prakash, Superintendent, Silver Jubilee Health School, Lucknow (Uttar Pradesh).

Ex-officio members under clauses (h), (i), (j) and (k) of sub-section (1) of section 3:—

1. The Director General of Health Services.

2. The Chief Principal Matron, Medical Directorate, Army Headquarters.

3. The Chief Nursing Superintendent, Office of the Director General of Health Services.

4. The Director of Maternity and Child welfare, Indian Red Cross Society.

Ex-officio members under clause (1) of sub-section (1) of section 3:—

1. The Director of Medical Services, Andhra Pradesh.

2. The Director of Health Services, Assam.

3. The Director of Health Services, Bihar.

4. The Surgeon General with the Government of Bombay.

5. The Director of Health Services, Kerala State.

6. The Superintendent of Nursing Services, Uttar Pradesh.

7. The Director of Medical Services, Madras.

8. The Director of Medical Services, Mysore.

9. The Director of Health Services, Orissa.

10. The Director of Health Services, Punjab.

11. The Director of Medical and Health Services, Rajasthan.

12. The Director of Medical and Health Services, Uttar Pradesh.

13. The Director of Health Services, West Bengal.

Ex-officio members under clause (m) of sub-section (1) of section 3:—

1. The Superintendent of Nursing Services, Andhra Pradesh.

2. The Superintendent of Nursing Services, Assam.

3. The Superintendent of Nursing Services, Bombay.

4. The Superintendent of Nursing Services, Madhya Pradesh.

5. The Superintendent of Nursing Services, Madras.

6. The Superintendent of Nursing Services, Uttar Pradesh.

7. The Assistant Director of Health Services (Nursing), West Bengal.

Nominated under clause (n) of sub-section (1) of section 3:—

1. Dr. (Mrs.) S. Bhatia, Adviser, Maternity and Child Welfare, Directorate General of Health Services.

2. Miss. M. Korah, Superintendent, Lady Reading Health School, Delhi.

3. Mrs. S. Zachariah, Assistant Professor of Public Health Nursing, All India Institute of Hygiene and Public Health, Calcutta.

4. Mrs. Tara Bai, Principal, Lady Irwin College, New Delhi.

Elected under clause (o) of sub-section (1) of section 3:—

1. Dr. N. C. Samantsinhar, M. P.

2. Kumari Mothey Veda Kumari, M. P.

3. Dr. R. P. Dubc, M. P.

[No. F. 27-57/57-MII(B).]

KRISHNA BIHARI, Dy. Secy.

MINISTRY OF IRRIGATION AND POWER

New Delhi, the 28th November 1958

G.S.R. 1148.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 11, clause (b) of sub-rule (2) of rule 14 and sub-rule (1) of rule 23 of the Central Civil Services (Classification, Control and Appeal) Rules, 1957, the President hereby directs that the following amendments shall be made in the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Irrigation and Power, No. S.R.O. 617, dated the 28th February, 1957, namely—

In the said notification—

1. the existing paragraph (I) shall be renumbered as paragraph (II) and the following paragraph shall be inserted as paragraph (I), namely:—

"(I) in respect of the posts in the General Central Service, Class II, specified in column I of Part I of the Schedule to this order, the authority specified in column 2 shall be the Appointing Authority and the authority specified in column 3 shall be the Disciplinary Authority in regard to the penalties specified in column 4;"

2. in paragraph (II) as renumbered for the words and figures 'Parts I and II' the words and figures 'Parts II and III' shall be substituted;

3. in the Schedule—

- (i) the existing Part I and Part II shall be renumbered as Part II and Part III respectively and the following Part shall be inserted as Part I, namely:—

"Part I—General Central Service, Class II

Description of post	Appointing Authority	Authority competent to impose penalties and penalties which it may impose (with reference to item numbers in rule 13)	Penalties
I	2	3	4
Ministry of Irrigation and Power, Ganga Basin Water Studies Section	Assistant Engineer	Chief Engineer	All

- (ii) in Part II, as renumbered the following entries shall be added at the end namely:—

I	2	3	4	5
Ganga Basin Water Studies Section Overseer	Chief Engineer	Chief Engineer	All	Secretary, Ministry of Irrigation & Power.
Senior Draftsman, (Selection grade); Tracer"				

[No. 21(74)/58-Adm.II.]

P. K. SARKAR, Under Secy.

MINISTRY OF WORKS, HOUSING AND SUPPLY*New Delhi, the 28th November 1958*

G.S.R. 1149.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 17 of the Petroleum Act, 1934 (30 of 1934), the Central Government hereby makes the following further amendment in the notification of the Government of India in the late Ministry of Works, Mines and Power No. P. 102, dated the 5th May, 1948, relating to the authorisation of certain officers to test petroleum under the said Act and to grant certificates of the results of such tests, namely:

In the Schedule annexed to the said notification, after item 21, the following item shall be added, namely:—

"22. The Assistant Chemical Examiner, Custom House, Cochin."

[No. S&PII-3(18)/58.]

New Delhi, the 29th November 1958

G.S.R. 1150.—The following draft of certain further amendments to the Explosives Rules 1940, which the Central Government proposes to make in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 5 and 7 of the Indian Explosives Act, 1884 (4 of 1884), is published as required by section 18 of the said Act, for the information of all persons likely to be affected thereby and notice is hereby given that the said draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 15th January, 1959.

Any objection or suggestion which may be received from any person with respect to the said draft before the date so specified will be considered by the Central Government.

Draft Amendment

In the said Rules—

In sub rule (4) of rule 31,—

(a) in Clause (i), the word "and" shall be omitted;

(b) after Clause (ii), the following Clause shall be inserted namely:—

(iii) to the Superintendent of Police of the District where the consignor's licensed premises are situated; and

(iv) to the Superintendent of Police of the District in whose jurisdiction the place to which the consignment is sent is situated.";

2. After rule 87, the following rule shall be inserted namely:—

"87A—*Procedure on grant of licence for transport.*

A copy of every licence granted by the District Authority in form 'G' shall be forwarded to the Superintendent of Police of the District."

[No. S&PII-3(17)/58.]

M. N. KALE, Under Secy.

MINISTRY OF LABOUR AND EMPLOYMENT*New Delhi, the 29th November 1958*

G.S.R. 1151.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 37 of the Tea Districts Emigrant Labour Act, 1932 (22 of 1932), the Central Government hereby makes the following further amendment in the Tea Districts Emigrant Labour Rules, 1933, namely:—

In the said rules—

1. for sub-rule (1) of rule 59, the following sub-rules shall be substituted, namely:—

"(1) Agreements under section 14 shall be—

(a) in the case of an agreement for the postponement of the exercise of right of repatriation in Form J(1), and

(b) in the case of an agreement for the waiver of the right of repatriation in Form J(2).

(1A) An agreement in Form J(1) shall be executed on a yellow paper, and an agreement in Form J(2) shall be executed on a red paper".

2. for Form J, the following Forms shall be substituted, namely:—

FORM J(1)

[See rule 59(1)(1A)]

(Yellow paper)

Form of agreement under section 14 of the Tea Districts Emigrant Labour Act for use in case of postponement of repatriation rights.

Name of estate _____

Postal address _____

Name of emigrant labourer _____

Father's/Husband's name _____

Date of entry into Assam _____

Name of estate to which the emigrant was originally recruited _____

Date on which right of repatriation arises _____

Reasons for which the right has arisen or will arise _____

Details of members of the family of the emigrant labourer entitled to be repatriated with him.

Name	Age	Sex	Relationship

Form to be signed by the emigrant labourer.

I, _____ being entitled to repatriation under Chapter II of the Tea Districts Emigrant Labour Act do hereby postpone my right till _____ (on account of the following consideration received/to be received from my employer:—)

Signature or thumb impression of emigrant labourer _____

Date _____

Signature of witness _____

Date _____

Form to be signed by the employer or manager of the tea estate.

I agree to and confirm the above statement made by _____

2. I hereby declare that the contents of this document were read out and explained to _____ in his own language before he signed it/affixed his thumb impression and I believe that he understood their import.

Signature of employer or manager of the tea estate _____

Date _____ 19 _____

Signature of witness _____

Date _____ 19 _____

() To be omitted where no consideration is received.

FORM J(2)

[See rule 59(1)(1A)]

(Red paper)

Form of agreement under section 14 of the Tea Districts Emigrant Labour Act for use in case of waiver of repatriation rights.

Name of estate _____

Postal address _____

Name of emigrant labourer _____

Father's/Husband's name _____

Date of entry into Assam _____

Name of estate to which the emigrant was originally recruited _____

Date on which right of repatriation arises _____

Reasons for which the right has arisen or will arise _____

Details of members of the family of the emigrant labourer entitled to be repatriated with him.

Name	Age	Sex	Relationship

Form to be signed by the emigrant labour.

I, _____ being entitled to repatriation under Chapter II of the Tea Districts Emigrant Labour Act to hereby waive my right _____ (on account of the following consideration received/to be received from my employer:—)

[2. My waiver is subject to the following conditions:—]

Signature or thumb impression of emigrant labourer _____

Date _____ 19 _____

Signature of witness _____

Date _____ 19 _____

Form to be signed by the employer or manager of the tea estate

I agree to and confirm the above statement made by _____

2. I hereby declare that the contents of this document were read out and explained to _____ in his own language before he signed it/affixed his thumb impression and I believe that he understood their import.

Signature of employer or manager of the tea estate _____

Date _____ 19 _____

Signature of witness _____

Date _____ 19 _____

() To be omitted where no consideration is received.

[] To be omitted if no conditions are imposed.

[No. F.P.L-23(1)/58.]

BALWANT SINGH, Under Secy.